Ercatons und Organisches Programmieren mit Java & XML: Planwirtschaft adé

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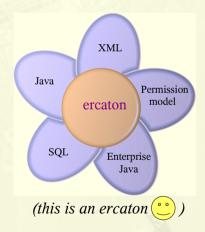






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Part I

Organic Programming

(Things & Organic Software Engineering)

"complexity emerges from simplicity"







The Manifesto of **Organic Programming***

- The exception is the rule.
- §1 Our world is rich and complex rather than well-structured and simple.
- **§2** Software must cover irregular, changing patterns rather than regular patterns.
- **§3** A software system is an organic being rather than a set of mathematical algorithms.
- Software components are an integral part of our rich world **§**4 rather than entities at some meta level.
- Complex software emerges when evolving from small to large **§**5 rather than from concrete to abstract.







Software is complex ...

... isn't it ?
You are sure, aren't you?

Maybe, let's first have a look at ...

...some really complex stuff

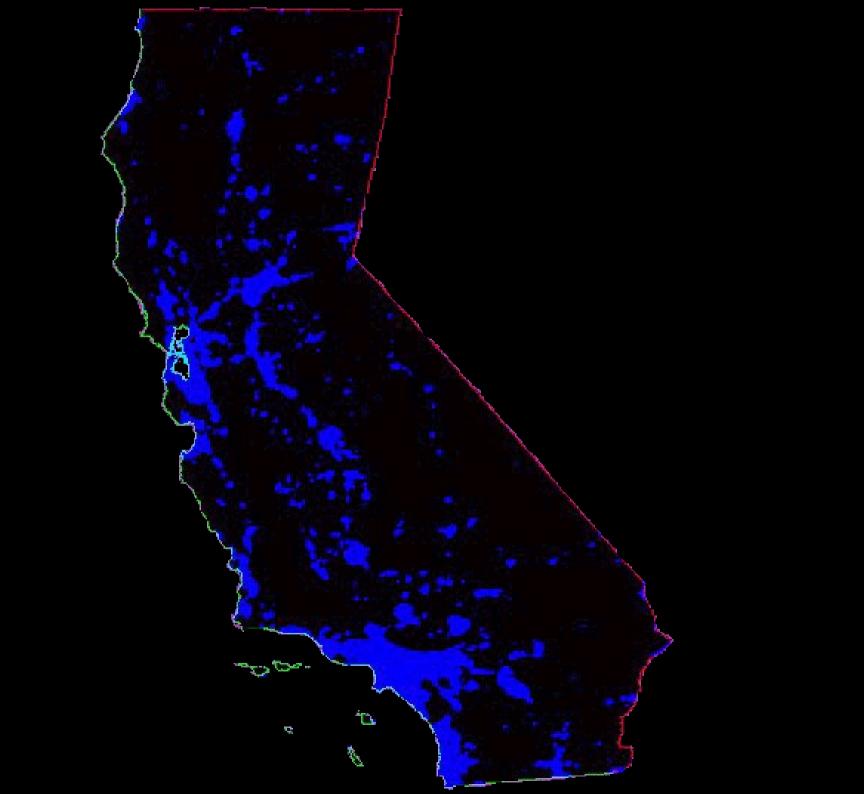




















by comparison actually, software is uncomplex! (only causing terrible trouble to create)

- Today, (00) software is regular and planned.
- Today, (OO) software cannot grow to the complexity of other systems built by humans.
- Today, (00) software is harder than hardware...
- Today, we got a problem.







Point of failure of planful software engineering 1/5

For example: Enterprise Java (Java EE) delivers cost-effective and adequate solutions to approach real-world complexity?

- Actually, it is a mess out there...
- We've seen
 1 billion \$ projects
 for tax software ...
 fail!







Point of failure of planful software engineering 2/5

Ladies and Gentlemen, and now MDA - Model Driven Architecture will do the trick?

(automated generation of working programs from their blueprints?)

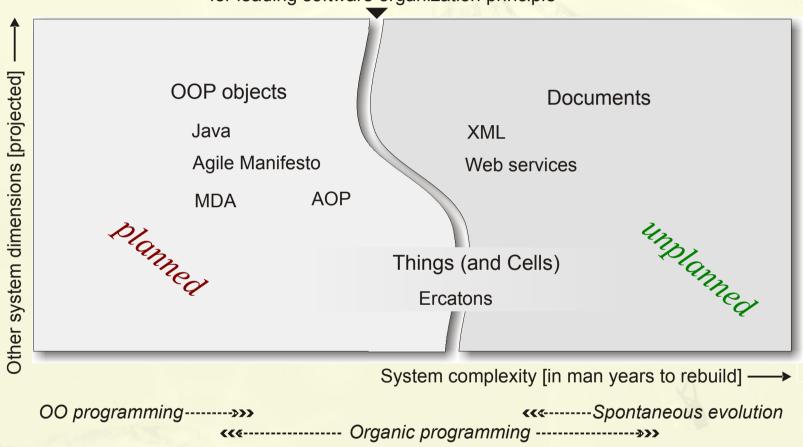






Point of failure of planful software engineering 3/5

Phase transition for leading software organization principle









Point of failure of planful software engineering 4/5

The failure really is:

True complexity emerges from simplicity and cannot be planned





Point of failure of planful software engineering 5/5

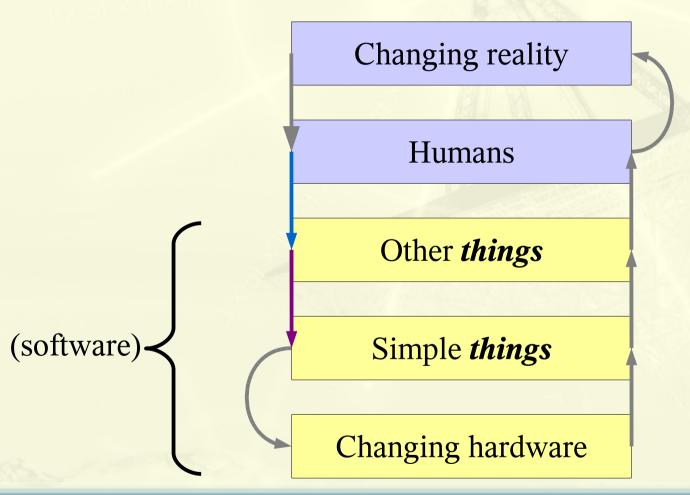








How simple (software) things can grow complex



"Real-world feed-back loop is unbroken."







How simple *things* can be defined (1/3)

- things are software entities which must behave like real-world objects as much as possible
- If a real-world counterpart is virtual, then thing and real-world object must be indistinguishable (bank account, tax declaration document, ...)
- things depend on a programming language only where algorithms get involved





How simple *things* can be defined (2/3)

<u>Def.:</u> A <u>thing</u> is a self-contained entity, with <u>identity</u>, <u>behavior</u>, with inner <u>state</u> and <u>structure</u>, with user[†] and model[‡] <u>interfaces</u>, with <u>ownership</u> and with self-determined <u>lifecycle</u> and <u>privacy</u>, in both <u>software</u> and <u>reality</u>.

<u>Def.:</u> A <u>cell</u> is a thing which may act w/o external stimulus.

†: we can touch, see and manipulate

:: we can abstract, in order to think about or to code algorithms







How simple things can be defined (3/3)



Why software can be harder than hardware:

- Assuming screws being things, (which may be shortened in the field)
- then Java classes aren't things! (cannot be modified in the field)

Is why 00 isn't thing-oriented. Is why 00 breaks the real-world loop.







Such a simple thing?

 most simple thing example which may possibly work:

Let's count votes e.g., George W. Bush vs. Al Gore ...

• Time for a quick demo:)









Such a simple thing! and our 1st ercaton - both document & object







Such a simple thing - but no simpler

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<census xmlns:erc="http://ercato.com/xmlns/ErcatoCore">
 ><erc:id>~falk/census</erc:id>
  <election>US 2000
  <district>
     Mission Bay, San Diego, California
  </district>
  <bush>1</bush>
  <gore>2</gore>
 ><erc:action name="Gore">
     /bin/increment <erc:arg name="xpath"> //gore </erc:arg>
  </erc:action>
 ><erc:action name="Bush">
     /bin/increment <erc:arg name="xpath"> //bush </erc:arg>
  </erc:action>
</census>
```







Such a simple thing - the GUI

- What we got...
- ... a transaction-safe system with persistence and a user interface to count the votes of Bush and Gore.
- ... which may be changed arbitrarily while in operation!









Such a simple thing - achievements

- Provides something which is and feels as simple as a screw, in order to assemble arbitrarily complex systems from.
- The *creation* of software is like *building*, not like *modelling*, *generating* or *programming*.
- *Preserves* all the inherent potential for *organic growth* which is present in our natural way of "building with things".
- Confines programming to the purely algorithmic parts of a solution, there to be reused.





Part II

ercatons

"everything is a thing, by definition"





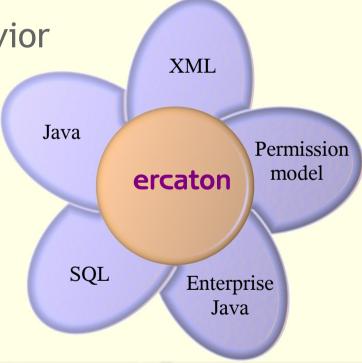


ercatons "implement" things

ercatons are things based on XML and, e.g. Java

ercatons encapsulate state and behavior

- ercatons are business objects
- ercatons are documents
- ercatons merge many older ideas into one unified concept



(ercato specification is a virtual machine contract for execution)





ercato specification summary

<u>Def.:</u> An <u>ercaton</u> is a **thing**, with at least, a model interface to **XML**, with **inheritance** and **polymorphism**, with a mutable **web** user-interface, with behaviour bound to **XSLT** and a **Java**-like language, with **database** and **transaction** support and with **autonomous life** (cell).

This means that an ercaton stands up for itself, e.g., it does not depend on a class, that it has a **unique name** and is persistent and protected, and that each ercaton is an individual entity where no two are equal Named after mercato and elementary particle convention (electron)



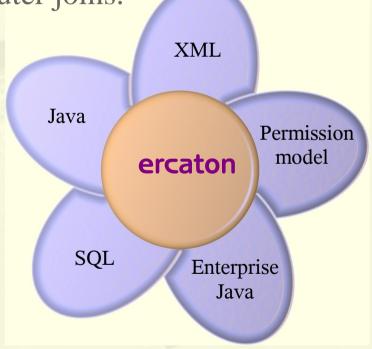




ercatoJ virtual machine summary

ercatons ...

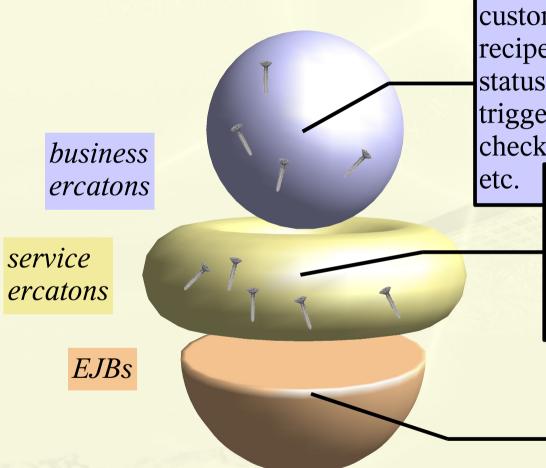
- ... are protected by **transactions** and **permissions** and ... are supported by **indexing** in a database.
- ... support SQL-like queries with inner and outer joins.
- ... are **persistent** and **versioned**.
- ... dynamically **inherit** allowing extraction of common parts of the business logic.
- ... have user interfaces by target pipes.
- ... may be binary "resource" ercatons; i.e., code (Java) may change at runtime.
- ... have **owners** and a capability chain to **protect** their state.







ercatoJ hierarchy



business processes:

customers recipes, machines, goods, ... status propagation, workflows trigger external systems check business validity

ercatoX standard extensions: (erx)

user interface management standard services (cp, check, edit, etc.) administration tools (backup etc.)

etc ercatoJ machine: (erc)

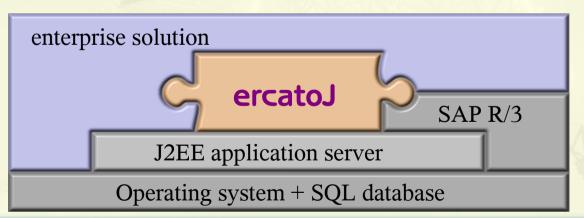
ercatons
permissions, transactions
actions, clones, versions
xml interchange
webservices
http (browser) access
etc.





ercatoJ vm made by Living Pages:

- (1) Ercatons are mapped onto Enterprise JavaBeans (EJBs).
- (2) Powerful algebra for XML which maps OO principles to math ops.
- (3) Behaviour of ercatons expressed in both Java and/or XSLT.
- (4) WebServices and plain XML exchange available, e.g. for SAP/R3.
- (5) Naked ercatons, user interface web-based, console via esh, or Swing-RC.
- (6) Everything may be an ercaton, incl. images and binary code.
- (7) Complex database schemes are generated and kept synchronized.







Other simple demo examples

Task: Design & implementation of

an "Address Manager" application,

then growed to an "Invoice Manager".

Detail: Enterprise-quality and extensible

Budget: ... 15 person minutes for part 1

... ~1 day for part 2

(demonstrated during DMS 2006!)

here we go...









~falk/bunny is an ercaton

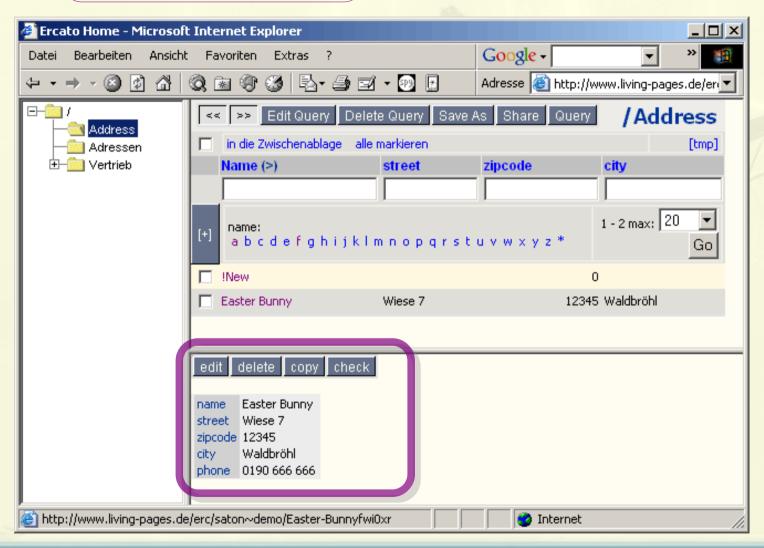
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="iso-8859-1"?>
<address
xmlns:erc="http://ercato.com/xmlns/ErcatoCore">
     <erc:id ~falk/bunny /erc:id>
     <erc:clone>~livis/adr/base
             >Easter Bunny</name>
     <name
     <street >Wiese 7</street>
     <zipcode >12345
   <phone >0190 666 666</phone>
</address>
```







~falk/bunny and (4) friends









~livis/adr/base : class or template?

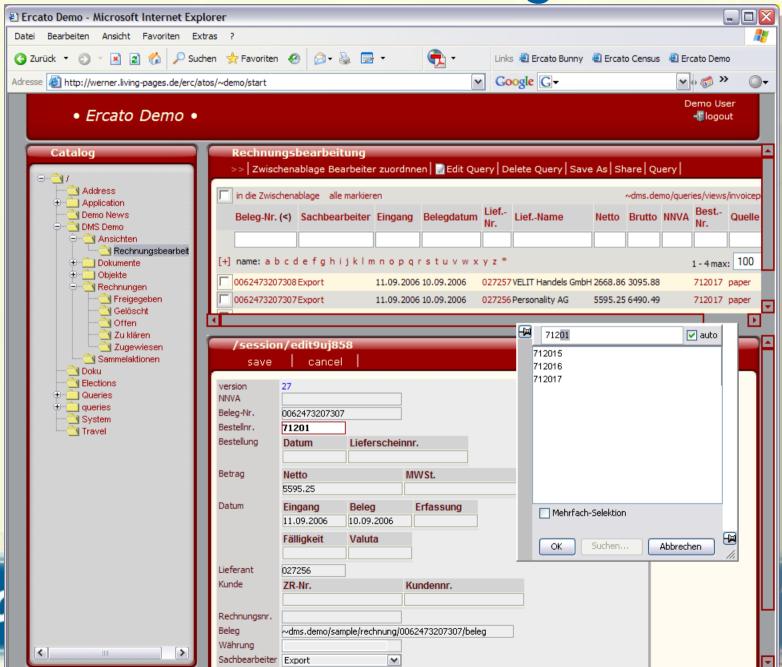
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<address xmlns:erc="http://ercato.com/xmlns/ErcatoCore"
        xmlns:erx="http://ercato.com/xmlns/ErcatoExtensions">
       <erc:id>~livis/adr/base
       <erc:type>prototype</erc:type>
       <erc:catalog category="/Address" id-ref="~livis/catalog"/>
                erx:field-ref="string" erc:index="~livis/catalog"/>
       <name
       <street erx:field-ref="string" erc:index="~livis/catalog"/>
       <zipcode erx:field-ref="int" erc:index="~livis/catalog"/>
               erx:field-ref="string" erc:index="~livis/catalog"/>
       <city
       <phone
               erx:field-ref="string"/>
       <erc:action name="edit">
                                  /bin/edit
                                              </erc:action>
       <erc:action name="delete"> /bin/rm!wizard </erc:action>
                                  /bin/cp!forEdit </erc:action>
       <erc:action name="copy">
       <erc:action name="check"> ~livis/check.xsl
               <erc:arg name="default">San Diego</erc:arg>
       </erc:action>
       <erc:trigger name="on-change">!check</erc:trigger>
</address>
```







Invoice manager

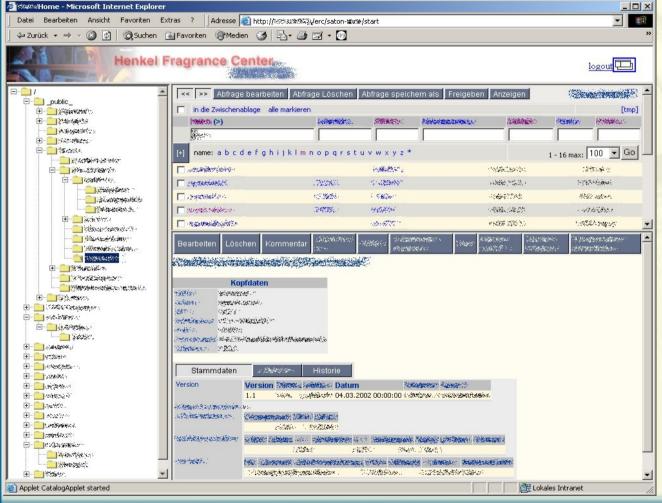




powered by ercatons



(Henkel) A deployed corporate solution...



- **Browser based intranet** solution
- **J2EE** server application

Features:

- Document-centric, versioned
- Efficient configurable data mining
- Generated user interface
- "Better than html" controls
- Comprehensible implementation of workflow





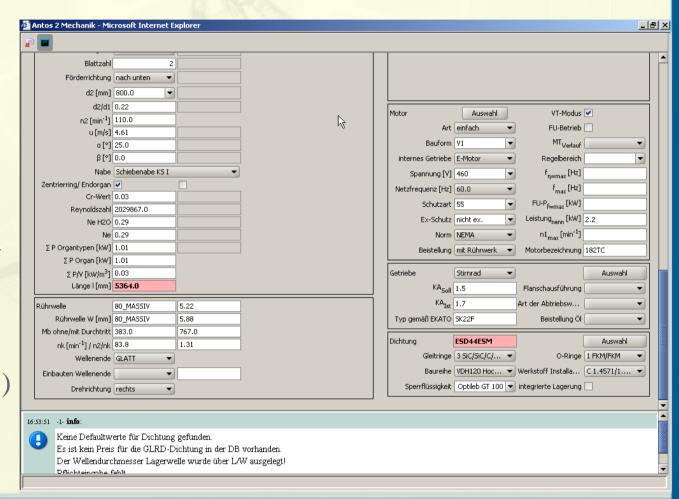


EKATO Another deployed solution...

- Rich intranet client
- J2EE server application

Features:

- Solution archive
- Complex business rule set
- Busines rule factory in Java
- Generated "Rich Client"
- Powerful output mngmnt.
 multi-language/
 multi-format (PDF, CAD,...)
- Developed by customer









Part III

New Horizon & going Open Source

> "ideas are unanticipated"







Patterns we did not expect

- Builder ercatons.
- Aspect weavers.
- Self protection and healing.
- Repackaging pattern.
- Separation of "text" and "data" re-emerges as a pattern:
 - The "firewall" pattern
- Agent ercatons (after adding a "goal").
- Autonomous evolution:
 - Cross combination is just another XML operator.
 - Mutations don't hurt algorithms.
 - Selection by observer ("Other" ercatons or user).







going Open Source

Open source project ercato.org considered

- License model:
 - GNU source code model
 - No constraint on consultancy business models
 - Constraint on competing commercial re-implementations
- Pre condition:
 - 95% feature list completion
 - 80% documentation completion
 - Evidence of external interest

Problem: **ercatons** are massive innovation where open source projects typically copy existing stuff.







Conclusion

Turns software engineers into creators rather than programmers.

Large, complex systems are feasible and stay to grow organically.

It is saving lot of time and money.

Organic software engineering exists and works!

"Maybe someday all large-scale objects will be Ercatonical."



David Ungar
Principal Investigator
Sun Labs, Mountain View

P.S. The specification is open, the ercatoJ implementation is free for research partners, an open-source project is considered.

"Ercatons were easy to use and breathtakingly efficient. Once you get the idea you wonder how you ever worked without it."





Dr. Ralf Marsula

Senior Consultant

Clavis berater sozietät GmbH, Bremen

